

STATISTICS

SYLLABUS FOR HIGHER SECONDARY FIRST YEAR COURSE

Objectives :

The main objectives of the course are to enable students.

- a. to acquire knowledge on basic statistical concepts.
- b. to acquire the skill of statistical analysis of data from real life situation in a scientific manner.
- c. to acquire knowledge on the basic aspects of statistical reasoning and drawing conclusions.
- d. to create an aptitude for Statistics for those students who show a promise for higher studies and creative work in Statistics.
- e. to develop aptitude for applications of statistical techniques in Biological Sciences, Social sciences, Education and Psychology.

One Paper

Time : Three hours

Marks : 100

Unitwise Distribution of Marks & Periods :

Unit	Topics	Marks	Periods
Unit-1 :	(a) Algebra	12	30
	(b) Calculus	12	30
Unit-2 :	Descriptive Statistics	40	65
Unit-3 :	Applied Statistics:		
	(a) Index Number	12	15
	(b) Vital Statistics	12	15
	(c) Time Series	12	15
Total :		100	180

Unitwise Distribution of Course contents:

- Unit-1 :**
- (a) Algebra: Laws of indices, Logarithms, A. P. and G. P. Series, Permutation and combination, Binomial theorem for positive integral index, Statement and applications of Binomial theorem for any index, Exponential series and logarithmic series, Idea of sets and set operations.
 - (b)
 - (i) Differential Calculus, Functions, Limit of a function, Derivatives, Rules of Differentiation of sum, Difference. product, quotient of functions and Function of a function. (Trigonometric functions are to be avoided).
 - (ii) Integral Calculus: Integration as the reverse of differentiation (simple cases only such as

$$\int x^n dx, \int \frac{1}{x} dx, \int e^x dx, \int \frac{1}{(x^2 - a^2)} dx, \int \frac{1}{(a^2 - x^2)} dx,$$
 method of substitution (simple examples only), Definite integrals (simple examples only).

Unit-2 : Descriptive Statistics :

Meaning of Statistics- Statistical data and Statistics subject. Origin, Development, Scope and limitations of Statistics. Idea of Statistical population and sample. Different types of data -

primary and secondary data and methods of their collection.

Time series data, Spatial data, Attribute (qualitative) data and Variable (quantitative) data.

Frequency distribution, Graphical representation of frequency distribution Histogram, Frequency polygon, Frequency curve, Ogive.

Measures of location- Arithmetic mean, Geometric mean, Harmonic mean, Median, Mode and their properties.

Partition Values- Quartiles, Deciles, Percentiles. Graphical location of Mode, Quartiles, Deciles and Percentiles.

Measures of Dispersion - Range, Inter-quartile Range, Quartile deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Coefficient of variation. Ideal measures of Dispersion. Idea of Skewness and kurtosis (without moments).

Bi - variate distribution, Scatter diagram, Correlation and regression, Karl Pearson's Correlation coefficient and its properties. Two regression lines (without derivation), Relation between correlation coefficient and regression coefficients.

Unit - 3 : Applied Statistics :

- (a) **Index Numbers** : Idea and uses of index numbers, problems in the construction of index numbers, simple and weighted index numbers, Laspeyres's, Paasche's MarshallEdgeworth and Fisher's 'ideal' index numbers, Tests for a good index number - Time reversal and Factor reversal tests only, Consumer price index number - their construction and use.
- (b) **Vital Statistics** : Vital rates and ratios. Mortality rates - Crude death rate, Age specific death rate and standardized death rates. Fertility rate and total fertility rate. Reproduction rates - Gross reproduction rate and Net reproduction rate.
- (c) **Time Series** : Meaning, Components and uses of time series. Determination of trend by the methods of graphic, semi-averages, moving averages and least squares.



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STATISTICS

SYLLABUS FOR HIGHER SECONDARY FINAL YEAR COURSE

One Paper

Three Hours

Marks 100

Unitwise Distribution of Marks and Periods :

Unit No.	Title	Marks	Periods
Unit-I :	Calculus of Finite difference	20	45
Unit-2 :	Theory of Probability	40	65
Unit-3 :	Elementary Theory of Sampling and Test of Significance	25	50
Unit-4 :	Sample Survey	15	40
Total		100	200

Unitwise Distribution of Course contents :

Unit-1 : Calculus of Finite Difference :

Operators A and E. Construction of diagonal Difference tables. Estimation of missing values, Idea of interpretation. Statements and applications of Newtons Forward, Backward and Longranges interpolation formulae. Idea of numerical integration, General quadrature formula. Statement and applications of trapezoidal rule, Simpsons $\frac{1}{3}$ rd rule and Simpsons $\frac{3}{8}$ th rule along with the conditions under which they are derived.

Unit-2 : Theory of Probability :

Basic concepts of Random experiment, Sample point, Sample space and Event occurrence of an event, Union and intersection of events. Complement of an event. Certain and null events. Exhaustive, Mutually exclusive and equally likely events. Probability of an event. Classical, Emperical and axiomatic (without introducing idea of measure theory). Unconditional probability, conditional probability, Dependent and independent events. Addition rule of Probability, Generalized Addition rule of Probability (upto three events). Statements and application of multiplication rule of Probabilities.

Random Variable and Distribution :

Random variable; Discrete and continuous distribution of a random variable, p.m.f. and p.d.f., density function. Representation of discrete probability distribution. Probability curve of a continuous distribution, Mathematical expectation of a random variable. Mathematical expectation of the function of a random variable. Theorems on expectation of the sum and product of random variables - only application (without derivation).

Idea of Bernoulli Trials; Binomial distribution; Mathematical form, occurrence of the distribution, Derivation of the distribution, Calculation of Mean and variance. Poisson distribution; Mathematical form, Occurrence of the distribution, derivation as a limiting form of Binomial distribution, calculation of mean and variance. Normal distribution, Mathematical form (without proof). Important properties and their applications. Derivation of distribution of standard normal variate and its applications.

Unit-3: Elementary Theory of Sampling and Test of Significance :

Sample and Sampling. Random sampling, Parameter and Statistic.

Sampling distribution. Unbiased estimate of a parameter. Standard error of sampling mean and sample preparation for random sampling (without Derivation) - simple applications. Statistical hypothesis - Null hypothesis alternative hypothesis, Level of significance. Test (only two tailed test) for a hypothetical population mean on the basis of information supplied by a random sample drawn from a normal having known standard deviation (application only). Students 't' test (only two tailed test) for an assumed mean (examples only), Large sample test (only two tailed test) for proportion (examples only). Examples on use of frequency χ^2 for testing independence of attributes in 2×2 table.

Unit-4: Sample Survey :

Sample survey and complete enumeration. Basic principles of sample survey, validity of optimization. Principal steps in a survey, Errors in a survey. Sampling and non sampling errors. Advantage of sample survey over complete enumeration.

Simple random sampling with and without replacement - method of selection of SRS making use of Table of random number, Estimation Population mean and total, use of formula - mean and estimated population total. Limitations of SRS. Idea of stratified random sampling. Estimation of population mean (method of allocation not included). Preparation of Questionnaire and schedule. Idea of pilot survey.
